National Exams May 2016 98-Ind-A2-Analysis and Design of Work 3 hours duration

Notes:

- 1. If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
- 2. This is a Closed Book exam. Candidates may use one of two calculators, the Casio or Sharp approved models.
- 3. Any five questions constitute a complete paper. Only the first five questions as they appear in your answer book will be marked.
- 4. All questions are of equal value.
- 5. Write your answers in point-form whenever possible, but fully. Show all the calculations.

Marking Scheme (marks)

1.	(i) 7,	(ii) 7,	(iii) 6
2.	(i) 7,	(ii) 7,	(iii) 6
3.	(i) 7,	(ii) 7,	(ii) 6
4.	(i) 8,	(ii) 6,	(iii) 6
5.	(i) 8,	(ii) 6,	(iii) 6
6.	(i) 6,	(ii) 7,	(iii) 7
7.	(i) 7,	(ii) 6,	(iii) 7

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- 1. (i) State the reasons for making motions at the lowest classification of movements whenever possible. What are the body members involved in the classification of movements?
 - (ii) In the context of methods engineering, explain the concept of operations analysis. What are primary approaches to operations analysis?
 - (iii) What is the use of operations analysis? Show the basic features of an operation process chart, including the summary form of such a chart.
- 2. (i) State the basis principles of motion economy for the "use of the human body".
 - (ii) State the body members involved in the five classifications of movements. Explain the concept that all motions should be made at the lowest classification of movements.
 - (iii) State briefly the macroscopic approaches to making improvements in the workplace.
- 3. (i) Why are performance rating and allowances so critical and controversial in stop-watch time study? What approaches may be taken to alleviate the problems of performance rating and allowances in industry?
 - (ii) In a stop-watch time study, the following information is provided for a given work element: number of readings = 25, mean element time = 0.20 min., standard deviation = 0.06 min.
 - (a) Calculate the range of elemental time values at a confidence level of 95% and the percentage of the accuracy level.
 - (b) Suppose it is desired in the above problem that the mean elemental time should be within the accuracy level of 10% with a confidence level of 95%. Determine the number of observations or readings that must be taken to achieve this.
- 4. For a drill press operations, the following data are known:

Work Elements	Observed time	Rating %
	(min.)	70
1. Load drill press	0.30	120
2. Drill hole with automatic power feed	0.12	100
3. Check tolerance of the last piece produced during machine cycle (#2) with go/no-go	0.08	110
gauge 4. Unload drill press	0.25	115

The company allows: 5% for personal, 5% for unavoidable delays and 5% for fatigue.

- (i) Calculate the normal time and the standard time for the operation in min./pc.
- (ii) Define performance rating and normal time.
- (iii) What are the uses of time standards?
- 5. (i) What are the advantages and disadvantages of predetermined motion times compared to step-watch time study?
 - (ii) How would you explain to a worker in your company who knows nothing about MTM (Methods-Time Measurement), what it is and how it is applied?
 - (iii) Explain the factors that influence the reach and the move times in the MTM system.

- 6. (i) What is the basic purpose of employing work sampling technique?
 - (ii) What is the basis of work sampling theory? When does the binomial distribution approach normal distribution?
 - (iii) State the advantages and disadvantages of work sampling over stop-watch time study.
- 7. (i) What are the principal negative considerations that should be understood prior to the installation of a point job evaluation plan?
 - (ii) What are the principal benefits of a properly installed job evaluation plan?
 - (iii) Explain the characteristics of the following direct financial plans: (a) piece work,
 - (b) standard hour plan, and (c) measured day work. Which incentive plan is most commonly used in industry, and why?